UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/564,591	01/13/2006	Yaacov Almog	200209944-4	2055	
	7590 07/22/201 CKARD COMPANY	EXAMINER			
Intellectual Proj	perty Administration	FLETCHER III, WILLIAM P			
3404 E. Harmony Road Mail Stop 35		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
FORT COLLIN	FORT COLLINS, CO 80528			1717	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/22/2011	FLECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

JERRY.SHORMA@HP.COM ipa.mail@hp.com laura.m.clark@hp.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/564,591	ALMOG ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	WILLIAM PHILLIP FLETCHER III	1717		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timustill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. tely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 M</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 9,10 and 18-24 is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 and 11-17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	withdrawn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate		
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application		

Art Unit: 1717

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 1-8 and 11-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The instant specification discloses only ISOPAR and not the any and all branched-chain aliphatic hydrocarbons encompassed by the claim, as amended.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/564,591

Art Unit: 1717

- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-8 and 11-17, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lambert (US 5,656,378 A) in view of Nakajima et al. (US 6,547,385 B2)
 - A. Claim 1 This reference teaches the claimed process in which a substrate is coated with a solution/dispersion of a polymer (i.e., a first material) and an amine-terminated mordant and dried. See 3:46-48 and 52-55. As noted below, Lambert teaches PET, which is a plastic according to Applicant's disclosure at 1:7. This reference does not teach the claimed "carrier liquid," but teaches that known hydrophilic organic liquids may be utilized [4:bottom]. Nakajima is cited as evidence that glycerin,

Art Unit: 1717

a simple, branched-chain aliphatic hydrocarbon, is known as a hydrophilic carrier for ink jet inks. As such, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to utilize such a material as the hydrophilic organic liquid motivated by the desire and expectation of successfully providing an ink vehicle [4:bottom]. Since the combination of the prior art teaches the claimed composition, the composition is expected to have the same properties as the claim, absent evidence to the contrary.

- B. Claim 4 This reference teaches a tri-primary amine. See 4:top.
- C. Claim 7 This reference teaches propylene oxide-based triamines [4:top].
- D. Claim 8 This reference teaches that the polymer may be poly vinyl alcohol. See 5:35.
- E. Claim 11 This reference teaches that the substrate can be PET [5:12].
- F. Claim 12 This reference teaches that the substrate can be polypropylene [5:10].
- G. Claims 2, 3, 5, and 6
 - i. This reference does not expressly teach the mono/diamines claimed.
 - ii. It is the Primary Examiner's position that any known amine of suitable molecular weight [3:64-65] may advantageously be utilized in the process of Lambert.

Art Unit: 1717

iii. Consequently, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to utilize, as the amine mordant, the amines of these claims, motivated by the desire and expectation of similar results: the production of an amine mordant.

H. Claim 13

- i. While this reference does not teach NaOH, it does teach pH adjustment via NH₄OH. See the Examples.
- ii. It is the Primary Examiner's position that, since NaOH and NH₄OH are both known bases that may be used to lower the pH of a solution, it would have been readily obvious to one skilled in the art to substitute one for the other, with the expectation of similar results: pH adjustment.

I. Claims 14-17

- i. This reference does not expressly teach the claimed concentration of amine material.
- ii. The amount of amine material in the mordant is a result-effective material affecting the ink accepting ability of the sheet. Consequently, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to optimize this concentration by routine experimentation, absent evidence of criticality. See MPEP 2144.05.

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to WILLIAM PHILLIP FLETCHER III whose telephone number is (571)272-1419. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dah-Wei Yuan can be reached on (571) 272-1295. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1717

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/William Phillip Fletcher III/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1715

18 July 2011